Beam County Primary School: Progression Map Subject: PE Key Concepts: Competent

Movement Performance Creative

Analysis & E								
EYFS	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	KS2 End
	End							Points
	Points							
Ball skills	Games:	Ball skills and	Dodging and	Dodgeball/Benchball	Dodgeball/Benchball	Basketball	Basketball	Games:
Show good	Shows	dodging games	invasion games	Throwing with one	Demonstrate ability to	Demonstrate some	Controlling a moving	Perform a
listening,	increasing	Send a ball to a	Identify and	hand with some	chest and bounce	control dribbling a	ball whilst dribbling in	range of
looking and	control over	partner through	apply the	accuracy.	pass.	moving ball.	various directions.	skills with
following.	objects	rolling, bouncing or throwing.	fundamental movement	Catching with two	Receive a chest or	Show ability to stop	Demonstrate the	consistency and
Apply basic	demonstratin	or unowing.	principles for	hands.	bounce pass.	dribbling a moving ball.	basics of a set shot.	demonstrate
movement	g strength,	Receive a ball	throwing various	Harlas.	bouriee pass.		basies of a set shot.	the ability to
skills and	balance and	from a roll,	balls.	Apply throwing and	Move into space to	Pivot with a static ball.	Demonstrate chest,	pass, avoid
coordination	coordination;	bounce or throw		catching in a small	receive a pass.		bounce and overhead	opposition
using balls	and	during isolated	Identify and	sided game.	·	Demonstrate various	pass in static and	and score.
and	negotiates	practice.	apply the		Demonstrate ability to	passing methods and	moving practice.	
beanbags	space		fundamental	Move, stop, turn and	jump, stop and pivot in	techniques with hands		
with our	· ·	Develop passing	movement	change direction in	isolation and in small	and feet.	Demonstrate a basic	
hands and	successfully	and catching a	principles for	isolation and beginning	sided games.	Danis and the state of	defensive position in	
feet.	when playing	ball in static, active and small	catching various balls.	to do so in small sided	Pass and receive whilst	Demonstrate effective footwork to stop in mid-	static and moving practice within a team	
Develop	racing and	sided practices.	Dalls.	games.	moving.	action and pivot.	situation.	
ability to	chasing	Sided practices.	Identify and	Describe the	moving.	action and pivot.	Situation.	
control a ball	games with	Develop	apply the	performance of others	Work safely,	Apply different passing	Apply a range of skills	
with hands in	other	throwing and	fundamental	and express an	individually and with a	methods and clean	collaboratively within	
static and	children,	dodging skills in	movement	opinion.	number of pupils in a	footwork in small sided	small sided game	
moving	adjusting	small sided	principles for	·	group.	games.	situations.	
practices.	speed or	games.	retrieving various	Describe some				
	changing		balls.	changes that happen to	Describe and critique			
Develop	direction to	Work	_ , , ,	your body during	technique and			
ability to control	avoid	cooperatively as	Demonstrate the	exercise.	performances of others.			
different size	obstacles.	part of a team to apply skills in a	ability to dodge, move and avoid		others.			
balls with		small sided	'getting out'	Tag Rugby Year 3	Tag rugby Year 4	Tag Rugby Year 5	Tag Rugby Year 6	
their hands.	Shows	game.	during dodgeball	Pass and receive from	Pass and receive on	Can pass and receive	Can pass and find	
	understandin	3	type games.	a static position and	the move in practice	with more consistency	space to receive a	
Develop	g of the need	Identify the	7, 3 3 4 4 4	whilst moving in	and in 2v1 & 3v2	during games.	pass during practice	
hand eye co-	for safety	different	Apply the basic	practice and small	practice.		and games.	
ordination in	when	methods and	principles of	sided games.		Runs forwards with		
games using	tackling new	technique for	attack and			pace (their max pace)	Runs forwards with	
balls.	challenges	sending various	defence in			and can 'feint'	pace looking for 'open']

	and	halla using	dodaoball turc	Run forwards and with	Becomes more	movement to outwit an	attacking appear (their	1
Develop	and considers	balls using hands.	dodgeball type	the ball in two hands.	consistent at forwards		attacking space (their max pace), using	
•		Harius.	games.	the ball in two hands.		opponent.	'feints, whilst avoiding	
foot-eye	and	Ammlerthan handa	A	Dodge by side stancing	runs.	lladaratarada and		
coordinator	manages	Apply the basic	Answer	Dodge by side stepping	Chave average of	Understands and	running out of play.	
in games	some risks.	principles of	questions about	to avoid an opponent.	Shows awareness of	applies basic attacking	_	
using balls.		defence and	the skills that		drawing a defender	formations on restarts	Becomes more	
		attack in	have been	Defend as an individual	towards them before	('arrowhead' or	consistent at applying	
Work		dodgeball type	performed.	in 1v1 practice.	attempting to pass into	diagonal line).	attacking formations	
cooperativel		games.			space		and 'basic set pieces.	
y with a				Defend as a team		Defend as part of a		
partner.		Describe how		during 2v2 games.	Defend as a pair during	team during 3v2	Defend as a team	
		you feel after			2v1 practice.	practice. Defends as	during 4v3 practice.	
Throw with		exercise.		Begin to demonstrate		part of a team during	Demonstrates good	
one and two				success at passing,	Defend as a team in	practice and small	positioning as part of a	
hands.				catching, attacking and	3v3 games.	sided games(defensive	defensive line and	
				tagging in small -sided	3	line).	stays on side.	
Dodge and				games.	Demonstrate success	- ,	,	
run to avoid] 335.	at passing, catching,	Defend as a team	Defend as a team	
being tagged					attacking and tagging	during 4v4 games.	during 4v4/5v5 games.	
or hit by a					during 3v3 games.	during 4v4 garries.	during 4v4/3v3 garnes.	
ball.					during 3v3 garries.	Demonstrates the	Domonatrata the shility	
Dall.							Demonstrate the ability	
						ability to apply rugby	to apply rugby skills in	
						skills in 4v4 games and	4v4/5v5 games and	
						can avoid the	can avoid opposition	
						opposition and score.	and score.	
				Rounders Year 3	Rounders Year 4	Rounders Year 5	Rounders Year 6	
				Fielding	Fielding	Fielding	Fielding	
				Can field a ball moving	Can field a ball moving	Becomes more	Becomes more	
					towards and away from			
				towards you during		consistent at fielding a	accurate at fielding	
				practice.	you during practice.	ball during practice and	skills during games.	
				.	.	games.	5	
				Bowling	Bowling		Bowling	
				Bowl underarm with	Bowl underarm with	Bowling	Bowl underarm at the	
				some accuracy from 4-	some accuracy from 6-	Bowl underarm with	correct height with	
				6 strides to reach the	8 strides to reach the	increasing accuracy	accuracy aiming for the	
				batting square above	bowling square above	aiming for the	backstops hands and	
				knee height.	knee height but below	backstops hands and	attempting to spin the	
				-	shoulder height.	travelling through the	ball or use a 'donkey	
					shoulder height.			
					shoulder height.	batting square above	drop' technique.	
					shoulder height.	batting square above knee but below		
				Batting	C	batting square above	drop' technique.	
				Batting	Batting	batting square above knee but below shoulder height.	drop' technique. Batting	
				Hold the bat in one	Batting Hold the bat in one	batting square above knee but below shoulder height. Batting	drop' technique. Batting Hit the ball with	
				Hold the bat in one hand and hit the ball	Batting Hold the bat in one hand and hit the ball in	batting square above knee but below shoulder height. Batting Hit the ball more	Batting Hit the ball with accuracy and look for	
				Hold the bat in one	Batting Hold the bat in one hand and hit the ball in practice and game	batting square above knee but below shoulder height. Batting Hit the ball more consistently during	Batting Hit the ball with accuracy and look for gaps in the field to hit	
				Hold the bat in one hand and hit the ball	Batting Hold the bat in one hand and hit the ball in	batting square above knee but below shoulder height. Batting Hit the ball more consistently during games whilst	Batting Hit the ball with accuracy and look for	
				Hold the bat in one hand and hit the ball	Batting Hold the bat in one hand and hit the ball in practice and game	batting square above knee but below shoulder height. Batting Hit the ball more consistently during	Batting Hit the ball with accuracy and look for gaps in the field to hit	

	Game Can apply the skills of batting and fielding during games as part of a team.	Game Becomes more accurate at batting and fielding during games.	Game During games you begin to identify spaces in the field to attempt to hit the ball into to help your team and score points. You are aware of the fielding positions and field as part of a team.	Game Can apply the bowling, fielding and batting skills with some consistency during games whilst attempting to outwit opponents. Understands and applies the position and technique for fielding as part of a team. You can direct the ball into different areas whilst batting.
		Year 4 Cricket Fielding Can demonstrate the long barrier fielding position for a ball moving towards you during practice and sometimes during small-sided games.	Year 5 Cricket Fielding Can demonstrate the long barrier and short barrier fielding position during practice. Can field a ball at you during small-sided games.	Year 6 Cricket Fielding Can field a ball moving towards and away from you during small-sided practice.
		Batting Can demonstrate a basic grip and side on stance. Can strike a ball from a batting tee during practice	Batting Can demonstrate a basic grip and side on stance. Can strike a ball from an under-arm feed during small-sided games.	Batting Can consistently apply the correct side on stance and grip with a cricket bat. Can use a forward drive and basic defensive shot during practice and sometimes during
		Bowling Can use an under-arm bowl with a straight delivery with some consistency.	Bowling Can use an overarm bowl during practice with some consistency from a standing delivery.	small-sided games. Bowling Can bowl overarm during practice using a short approach run.
		Game Play Can demonstrate basic batting, fielding and underarm bowling skills during kwik cricket type games.	Game Play Can demonstrate some consistency in application of batting, bowling and fielding	Game Play Can demonstrate more consistent application of batting, bowling and fielding skills during 8-

					skills during 6-a-side cricket games. Understands their role	a-side cricket games. Understands their role	
Early Learning Areas PD: Sensory explorations and the develop: Develop their core strength, stabili PSED: Children should be supported to C&L: Children's back-and-forth interaction. NC alignment:	ty, balance, spatial awaren o manage emotions, develo	ess, co-ordination and agil op a positive sense of self,	ity. set themselves simple goals and	have confidence in their own abili	ties.		

KS1:
Participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending Extend their agility, balance and coordination – individually and with others.
Engage in competitive and cooperative physical activities.

KS2:
Play competitive games, modified where appropriate and apply basic principles for attacking and defending.
Communicating, collaborating and competing with each other.

	ommunicating, collaborating and competing with each other. eveloping an understand of how to improve in different physical activities and evaluate/recognise their own success.									
Body	Dance:	<u>Body</u>	<u>Body</u>	<u>Body</u>	Body	Body	Body	Dance:		
	Moves freely	Travelling,	Travelling,					Perform		
Can move to	and with	twisting, rising,	twisting, rising,	Body parts leading	Body parts leading	Body parts leading	Body parts leading	Dances		
the stimulus	pleasure and	sinking,	sinking,	Left and right side.	using a					
in a story or	confidence in	spreading,	spreading,	Top and bottom half	range of					
nursery	a range of	shrinking,	shrinking,	Centre of body	Centre of body	Centre of body	Centre of body	movement		
rhyme.	ways, such	curling,	curling,					patterns.		
	as slithering,	stretching,	stretching,	Combinations of bodily	Combinations of bodily	Combinations of bodily	Combinations of bodily			
Dynamic	shuffling,	pauses,	pauses,	actions:	actions:	actions:	actions:			
	rolling,	stillness,	stillness,							
Can move	crawling,			Stepping, jumping,	Stepping, jumping,	Stepping, jumping,	Stepping, jumping,			
quickly or	walking,	Awareness of	Awareness of	turning, hopping,	turning, hopping,	turning, hopping,	turning, hopping,			
slowly to	running,	body parts;	body parts;	leaping, gestures &	leaping, gestures &	leaping, gestures &	leaping, gestures &			
various	jumping,	hands, feet,	hands, feet,	stillness.	stillness.	stillness.	stillness.			
stmulus.	skipping,	elbows, knees,	elbows, knees,							
	sliding and	shoulders, hips,	shoulders, hips,	Shape: wide, narrow,	Shape: wide, narrow,	Shape: wide, narrow,	Shape: wide, narrow,			
Space	hopping.	back.	back.	twisted, symmetrical,	twisted, symmetrical,	twisted, symmetrical,	twisted, symmetrical,			
				asymmetrical.	asymmetrical.	asymmetrical.	asymmetrical.			
Can use a	Experiments	Awareness of	Awareness of							
large and	with different	body shape: tall,	body shape: tall,	<u>Dynamic</u>	<u>Dynamic</u>	<u>Dynamic</u>	<u>Dynamic</u>			
small space	ways of	broad & curled.	broad & curled.							
to move	moving.			Forcefully/delicately.	Forcefully/delicately.	Forcefully/delicately.	Forcefully/delicately.			
close or far.		<u>Dynamic</u>	<u>Dynamic</u>	Slowly/quickly.	Slowly/quickly.	Slowly/quickly.	Slowly/quickly.			
Can move		Tension/relaxatio	Tension/relaxatio	Strong/light.	Strong/light.	Strong/light.	Strong/light.			
and be tall or		n of the body.	n of the body.							
small.				Continuity and flow.	Continuity and flow.	Continuity and flow.	Continuity and flow.			
		Strong/light	Strong/light							
Relationshi		power qualities.	power qualities.	Simultaneous/successi	Simultaneous/successi	Simultaneous/successi	Simultaneous/successi			
р		Fact along the	Fact along the	ve flow.	ve flow.	ve flow.	ve flow.			
0 1		Fast slow time	Fast slow time				B			
Can work		qualities.	qualities.	Rhythm: body,	Rhythm: body,	Rhythm: body,	Rhythm: body,			
and follow				percussion, voice,	percussion, voice,	percussion, voice,	percussion, voice,			
the teacher										

and work within the	Bound/free flow qualities.	Bound/free flow qualities.	claps, stamps use of floor.	claps, stamps use of floor.	claps, stamps use of floor.	claps, stamps use of floor.	
group to move and experiment	<u>Space</u>	<u>Space</u>	Combinations of two qualities:	Combinations of two qualities:	Combinations of two qualities:	Combinations of two qualities:	
with movement.	General ways of using space;	General ways of using space;	Strong/smooth.	Strong/smooth.	Strong/smooth.	Strong/smooth.	
	Fill, empty, penetrate,	Fill, empty, penetrate,	Light/sudden. Strong/direct.	Light/sudden. Strong/direct.	Light/sudden. Strong/direct.	Light/sudden. Strong/direct.	
	surround, explore.	surround, explore.	Light/smooth.	Light/smooth.	Light/smooth.	Light/smooth.	
	Personal/general space.	Personal/general space.	<u>Space</u>	<u>Space</u>	<u>Space</u>	<u>Space</u>	
	Near/far.	Near/far.	Direction of shape.	Direction of shape.	Direction of shape.	Direction of shape.	
	High/low.	High/low.	Floor and air patterns.	Floor and air patterns.	Floor and air patterns.	Floor and air patterns.	
	Relationship	Relationship	Growing/rising movements.	Growing/rising movements.	Growing/rising movements.	Growing/rising movements.	
	Response to voice an	Response to voice an accompaniment made by teacher.	Sinking/Shrinking movements.	Sinking/Shrinking movements.	Sinking/Shrinking movements.	Sinking/Shrinking movements.	
	accompaniment made by teacher.		Opening/Closing movements.	Opening/Closing movements.	Opening/Closing movements.	Opening/Closing movements.	
	Near/far from the teacher.	Near/far from the teacher.	Forrwards/backwards movements.	Forrwards/backwards movements.	Forrwards/backwards movements.	Forrwards/backwards movements.	
	Working in unison with the	Working in unison with the	Direct/indirect pathways.	Direct/indirect pathways.	Direct/indirect pathways.	Direct/indirect pathways.	
	teacher and independently.	teacher and independently.	Levels – High, medium, low.	Levels – High, medium, low.	Levels – High, medium, low.	Levels – High, medium, low.	
	Sharing with each other.	Sharing with each other.	Relationship	Relationship	Relationship	Relationship	
	Working near/far from each other.	Working near/far from each other.	Between body parts.	Between body parts.	Between body parts.	Between body parts.	
	Taking turns in	Taking turns in	To the floor.	To the floor.	To the floor.	To the floor.	
	groups.	groups.	Partners – copying, mirroring, following, contact.	Partners – copying, mirroring, following, contact.	Partners – copying, mirroring, following, contact.	Partners – copying, mirroring, following, contact.	
			3's, 4's, small and large groups.	3's, 4's, small and large groups.	3's, 4's, small and large groups.	3's, 4's, small and large groups.	

	suc		. '.	Simultaneous, successive, unison, cannon.	Simultaneous, successive, unison, cannon.	
		roup focus and ning.	Group focus and timing.	Group focus and timing.	Group focus and timing.	
				Between different groups.	Between different groups.	

Early Learning Areas

- PD: Sensory explorations and the development of a child's strength, co-ordination and positional awareness PD: Develop their core strength, stability, balance, spatial awareness, co-ordination and agility.
- PSED: Children should be supported to manage emotions, develop a positive sense of self, set themselves simple goals and have confidence in their own abilities.

NC alignment:

KS1:

Perform dances using simple movement patterns.

Extend their agility, balance and coordination – individually and with others. Engage in competitive and cooperative physical activities.

Perform dances using a range of movement patterns.

Communicating and collaborating with each other.

Developing an understand of how to improve in different physical activities and evaluate/recognise their own success.

Move freely	Gymnastics	Balance on	Support body	Link balance, inversion	Demonstrate moves	Identify and	Independently produce	Gymnastics
with		different parts of	weight through	and rotation in mini	that are inverted, as	demonstrate different	a sequence using	: Perform a
pleasure and	Energetically	the body with	arm strength	sequences.	previous, including	ways of flight and	travel, rotation,	wide range
confidence	experiments	different points	when working on		head stands.	balance using	balance, flight and	of
by slithering,	with different	of contact.	the floor.	Develop balances that		springboards and	inversion.	movements
shuffling,				are still, stretched and	Balances to continue to	beams.		linked into a
rolling,	ways of	Rotate and roll in	Support body	last for several	be stretched and held			sequence
crawling,	moving	a variety of	weight through	seconds.	for several seconds	Produce a sequence		using
walking,	whilst	ways.	arm strength		with support on the	using travel, rotation,		travelling
running,	travelling		when working on	Demonstrate the	front, back and side.	balance, flight and		and
jumping,	under, over	Complete a mini	the apparatus.	basics of a backwards		inversion.		balancing on
skipping,	and through	sequence on a		roll.	Use springboards to			the floor or
sliding and	equipment.	beam on travel,	Complete a		take flight with the			apparatus.
hopping.	equipinent.	rotation and	bunny hop over	Demonstrate moves	correct technique and			
	Shows	balance.	a beam/bench.	that are inverted such	land on 1-2 feet.			
Can stand	understandin			as shoulder stands,				
momentarily	g of the need	Demonstrate at	Complete a	hand stands and bunny	Complete a 6-8 move			
on one foot	•	least one	bunny hop	hop kicks.	sequence including			
when shown.	for safety when	method of	kick/hand stand.		multiple balances,			
	tackling new	inversion in		Develop individual	rotations and			
Squats with	challenges	gymnastics.	Complete	moves into a learnt	inversions.			
steadiness	and		balances which	sequence.				
to play with	considers	Confidently	are still,		Perform a forward roll			
objects on	and	demonstrate 2-3	stretched and		that extends to rolling			
the ground	manages	different	held for a few		out onto feet.			
and can rise	some risks.	balances that	seconds.					
back to a	Some fisks.							

stand	can be	Perform a tuck			
without using	performed.	pike, straddle			
hands.	periorinea.	and half-turn			
nanus.	1				
	Balance along a	from the floor or			
Climbs	raised bench.	a platform.			
confidently					
and is able	Dismount from a	Complete mini			
		complete min			
to pull	platform and	independent			
themselves	land under	sequences			
onto	control.	which			
apparatus.		demonstrates			
apparatus.	Continue to	balance, travel,			
Travel in a					
	transfer	rotation and			
variety of	individual moves	inversion on and			
ways.	from the floor to	off apparatus.			
1	the apparatus	''			
Experience a	whilst increasing	Able to support			
range of	the number of	weight on large			
range or					
movement at	moves.	surfaces.			
different					
heights and	Perform some				
speeds	twisting and				
whilst	turning				
	movements				
travelling.	movements				
	whilst taking the				
Rotate in a	weight onto the				
variety of	hands.				
ways.					
, 5.					
With or					
without					
support,					
complete					
several					
moves such					
as a forward					
roll, half-turn					
jump and log					
rolls.					
Complete					
short					
courses					
involving					
movements					
of climbing,					
balancing,					
jumping and					
landing.					

Early Learning Areas:

PD: Sensory explorations and the development of a child's strength, co-ordination and positional awareness

PD: Develop their core strength, stability, balance, spatial awareness, co-ordination and agility.

PSED: Children should be supported to manage emotions, develop a positive sense of self, set themselves simple goals and have confidence in their own abilities.

NC alignment:

KS1:

Master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and catching.

Extend their agility, balance and coordination – individually and with others.

Engage in competitive and cooperative physical activities.

KS2:

Use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination.

Develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance.

Compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve a personal best.

Communicating, collaborating and competing with each other.

Developing an understand of how to improve in different physical activities and evaluate/recognise their own success.

		, ,		S				
Practice	Athletics:	Understand the	Apply the correct	Demonstrate the ability	Demonstrate the ability	Demonstrate the ability	Demonstrate the ability	Athletics:
running,	Negotiates	basic technique	use of their arms	to sustain activity and	to sustain activity and	to sustain activity and	to sustain activity and	Show
skipping,	space	for using their	and legs to run	run continuously	run continuously	run continuously	run continuously	efficiency
hopping and	successfully	arms and legs to	fast.	without stopping for 3	without stopping for 4	without stopping for 5	without stopping for 6	through
jumping.	when playing	run fast.		minutes.	minutes.	minutes.	minutes.	applying
	racing and	Work together as	Understand and					movement
Jump and	chasing	a team in	apply the basic	Become more	Apply the appropriate	Compete in sprint	Prepare for and	principles
land on two	games with	relays/obstacle	principles of how	consistent at	technique when using	races against peers	compete in sprint races	and effective
feet.	other	relays using	to begin a race	independently starting	arms and legs to	whilst applying	against peers whilst	stance to
	children,	quoits for	quickly from a	a sprint race.	maximise jumping for	appropriate technique	applying appropriate	sustain
Can jump	adjusting	batons.	standing start.		height, distance and	for starting and	technique for starting	activity
from one	speed or			Begin to combine	speed whilst competing	finishing races.	and finishing races.	through
foot to two	changing	Practise various	Work effectively	running fast with	against peers.	-	_	completing
and from two	direction to	ways of hopping,	in a team relay	sustained activity.		Demonstrate how to	Organise and practice	longer
feet to one.	avoid	skipping and	and apply the		Apply the basic	start running from a low	team relay	extended
	obstacles.	jumping.	basic technique	Complete multi-skill	technique principles for	position using arms	changeovers and race	runs and
Bend and			for change overs	obstacle courses.	throwing various object	and legs to drive	order.	throwing
straighten	Shows	Practise various	using quoits and		(Nerf ball/foam	forward.		objects as
knees with	understandin	ways of throwing	running at	Apply the basic	javelin/medicine ball) to		Prepare for and	far as
balance and	g of the need	objects as far as	maximum speed.	technique for jumping	improve personal best	Understand and apply	compete in a jump's	possible.
core stability.	for safety	possible.		for height, distance and	performance from year	the principles of	competition against	
	when		Skip, hop and	speed.	Compete against	running cooperatively	peers.	
Dodge and	tackling new		jump to achieve		peers in throwing	with a team and		
run to avoid	challenges		maximum	Compete against peers	competitions.	planning a relay order.	Prepare for and	
being	and		distance whilst	in speed bounce,			compete in a Throws	
tagged.	considers		competing	vertical jump, standing	Record and compare	Complete technically	competition against	
	and		against peers.	triple jump and	Personal Best (PB),	secure series of jumps	peers.	
	manages		Consider how	standing long jump.	performance in	whilst competing		
	some risks.		we use our arms		running, jumping and	against peers (standing	Record and compare	
			body and legs to	Demonstrate the ability	throwing events.	long jump, speed	Personal Best (PB),	
			greatest	to throw tennis ball/nerf		bounce, vertical jump	performance in	
			distance.	ball/foam javelin &		and standing triple	running, jumping and	
				medicine ball as far as		jump).	throwing events from	
				they can with effective			previous years.	
			Throw various	use of arms/body/legs.		Become more		
			objects for	_		consistent at applying		

	distance whilst (PB), per		the throwing technique with correct stance and body position learnt from year 3&4. Demonstrate the ability to adapt performance to various throwing objects with different grips. split feet to create power from the legs and body. Record and compare Personal Best (PB), performance in running, jumping and throwing events.		
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Early Learning Areas:

PD: Sensory explorations and the development of a child's strength, co-ordination and positional awareness

PD: Develop their core strength, stability, balance, spatial awareness, co-ordination and agility.

PSED: Children should be supported to manage emotions, develop a positive sense of self, set themselves simple goals and have confidence in their own abilities.

C&L: Children's back-and-forth interactions from an early age form the foundations for language and cognitive development.

NC alignment:

KS1:

Master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and catching.

Extend their agility, balance and coordination – individually and with others.

Engage in competitive and cooperative physical activities.

KS2:

Use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination.

Develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance.

Compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve a personal best.

Communicating, collaborating and competing with each other.

Developing an understand of how to improve in different physical activities and evaluate/recognise their own success.

Demonstrate the correct grip with the racket. Serve the ball to a partner from an underarm serve with a bounce. Develop the forehand technique through	Demonstrate the correct grip with a racket and stance when receiving a service. Serve the ball to a partner from an underarm serve without a bounce.	Demonstrate the correct stance and positioning when receiving a shot from an opponent. Serve the ball to a partner using an overarm service. Become more	Demonstrate the correct stance and positioning for offensive and defensive play. Become more consistent at serving the ball to a partner from an overarm service	Tennis: Demonstrate the correct over arm service action, sustain a longer rally and play competitive games
	Serve the ball to a	Serve the ball to a	Become more	,
	partner from an	partner using an	consistent at serving	longer rally
Develop the forehand		overann service.		
technique through 'catch it on the racket'		Become more consistent at using feet	service.	games.
rallies against an		and positioning to	Develop length of shot	
opponent.	Develop the forehand technique with/without	apply the forehand technique to return.	(short, then long) when hitting a forehand to	
	'catch it on the racket'	technique to return.	Tillling a lorelland to	

		Maintain a short rally with a partner.	rallies against an opponent.	Can volley the ball during practice.	outwit opponent in a competitive game.	
		Apply the basic principles learnt to compete against an	Able to maintain a collaborative rally with a partner.	Begin to maintain a longer more consistent rally with a partner.	Can volley the ball during practice and competitive games.	
		opponent in adapted tennis games using a 1 bounce underarm serve and 'catch it on the racket'.	Apply the basic principles learnt to compete against an opponent in adapted tennis games with/without one bounce underarm serve and one/two bounce for return.	Demonstrates hitting the ball away from an opponent in competitive situations. Recognise the need to vary the length of return shot to their opponent.	Able to maintain a collaborative rally with a partner playing the ball close and away from the net. Demonstrate good movement and vary length of return shots (hitting away from opponent) to force an	
					error and win the point.	
		Communicating, collaborating ar	nd competing with each other.	sic principles for attacking and def	_	
Use their feet to	Identify and use	Use two feet to dribble	Dribble using various	Dribble using a	Dribble and turn using	Football:
move the ball	different parts of	a football.	parts of the foot.	variation of the inside,	different parts of the	Dribble, pass
and change	the feet to	a rootball.	parts of the root.	outside, top and bottom	foot.	and turn
direction.	dribble a ball	Dribble at different	Change direction with	of the foot.		using
	and change	speeds.	the ball.		Develop the different	different
Work at different	direction.	•		Change direction with	techniques for dribbling	parts of the
speeds with a		Apply dribbling skills in	Apply defending	the ball at different	and turning in small	foot with
ball at their feet.	Identify and use	1v1 games.	principles in 1v1	speeds.	sided games.	application
	different parts of		situations and in small			during small
Identify the	the feet to pass	Use different parts of	sided games.	Turn using different		sided games
different parts of	to a player or	the feet to pass the		parts of the foot.		whilst
the foot that are	shoot at a target.	ball.	Apply the basic	Ammly amal alored are		applying the
used to send a	Lloo difforant	Work appropriatively	principles of defending	Apply and develop		principle of
ball to different	Use different	Work cooperatively	situations in a team	different techniques for		'jockeying' when
taracte	narte of the hall	with a partner to page				vvii c: ii
targets.	parts of the ball	with a partner to pass	when not in	dribbling and turning in		_
	to get a ball from	with a partner to pass and move.	possession.	small sided games.		defending.
Use their feet to	•	and move.	possession.	small sided games.		-
	to get a ball from an opponent.	and move. Pass successfully to a		small sided games. Apply the basic		_
Use their feet to pass and shoot	to get a ball from	and move.	possession. Work cooperatively with a partner and as	small sided games.		-
Use their feet to pass and shoot	to get a ball from an opponent. Apply basic	and move. Pass successfully to a	possession. Work cooperatively	small sided games. Apply the basic principles of jockeying		-
Use their feet to pass and shoot a ball at a target.	to get a ball from an opponent. Apply basic defending during	and move. Pass successfully to a partner in a 2v2 game. Demonstrate resilience in trying to win the ball	possession. Work cooperatively with a partner and as part of a team. Apply dribbling and	small sided games. Apply the basic principles of jockeying		-
Use their feet to pass and shoot a ball at a target. Use dribbling and passing skills to retain	to get a ball from an opponent. Apply basic defending during various 1v1 and 2v2 games.	and move. Pass successfully to a partner in a 2v2 game. Demonstrate resilience	possession. Work cooperatively with a partner and as part of a team. Apply dribbling and shooting skills in small	small sided games. Apply the basic principles of jockeying		_
Use their feet to pass and shoot a ball at a target. Use dribbling and passing	to get a ball from an opponent. Apply basic defending during various 1v1 and	and move. Pass successfully to a partner in a 2v2 game. Demonstrate resilience in trying to win the ball	possession. Work cooperatively with a partner and as part of a team. Apply dribbling and	small sided games. Apply the basic principles of jockeying		_

Apply skills learnt to 1v1 and 2v2 games. Work safely, individually and with others. Describe how you feel after exercise.	various 1v1 and 2v2 games. Answer questions about the skills that have been performed.	when defending in practice. Apply dribbling, passing, moving and defending in small sided games.	Work cooperatively with other players in attack and defence.			
NC alignment: KS1: Participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending Extend their agility, balance and coordination – individually and with others. Engage in competitive and cooperative physical activities. KS2: Play competitive games, modified where appropriate and apply basic principles for attacking and defending Communicating, collaborating and competing with each other.						
2016loping an understa	ing st. Now to improve in a	Follow simple marked trails in familiar environments and, with help, identify where they are on the trails. Help others to solve problems they have been set, taking an active role. Follow others' suggestions.	Use more detailed plans and diagrams that take them from familiar to less familiar areas. Find their way and recognise where they are on a plan or diagram. Solve problems using a range of approaches.	Solve some of the challenges and problems set up in familiar environments with help and guidance. Work cooperatively to put strategies and solutions into action. Take on roles given to them.	Work confidently in challenging environments. Adapt quickly to new situations. Devise and put into practice a range of solutions to problems and challenges. Understand clearly the nature of a challenge	Orienteerin g: Navigate a course as an individual and as part of a team, applying map reading skills whilst using a compass efficiently.
		Know they need to be	Use ideas they have	Show understanding of	or problem and what	

learned in one problem

safely when working on

their own and in small

Show initiative when

Explain why different activities make their

bodies work in different

working in a group.

or task to help them

Work and behave

solve another.

groups.

ways.

problem solving

others.

strategies planned by

Follow instructions

Follow safety rules.

Recognise when a

solution has been

when preparing

physically for

challenges.

successful.

they want to achieve.

Take a leading role

when working with

Prepare efficiently and

Identify and respond to

events as they happen.

Identify effective

solutions.

performances and

others.

safely.

careful so that they are

Recognise when they

have been energetic.

Describe what they did

when following a trail or

Comment on how well

Use maps and plans to

orientate themselves

solving a problem.

activities were

completed.

safe.

and travel around a	Identify ways to	Choose and perform	Take a role in planning	
simple course.	physically prepare for	skills and strategies	to improve	
	the activities.	successfully.	weaknesses.	
Respond when the task		·		
or environment	Identify strengths and	Adapt strategies as		
changes and the	weaknesses in the way	necessary.		
challenge increases.	challenges are			
G	approached.	Work increasingly well		
Plan sensible		in a group or team		
responses to physical	Suggest alternative	where roles and		
challenges or	solutions to problems.	responsibilities are		
problems.	·	understood.		
Work cooperatively		Prepare physically and		
with others, discussing		organisationally for		
how to follow plans and		challenges they are		
solve problems.		set, taking into account		
		the group's safety.		
Recognise that				
different tasks make		Identify what they do		
their bodies work in		well, as individuals and		
different ways.		a group.		
Comment on how they		Suggest ways to		
went about tackling		improve.		
tasks and respond to				
feedback on how to go				
about their work				
differently.				
NC alignment:				

KS2:
Take part in outdoor and adventurous activity challenges both individually and within a team.
Communicating, collaborating and competing with each other.
Developing an understand of how to improve in different physical activities and evaluate/recognise their own success.

Year 3 swimming	Year 6 Swimming	Swimming:
Shout and signal for rescue - What to do.	Swim 10m on front - Full stroke and kick.	Swim competently, confidently and
Front – safe entry and travel feet off the pool floor on front.	Swim 10m on back - Full stroke and kick.	proficiently over a distance of
Front – travel 10m using arms and legs Identify an open water	Swim 10 – 25m on back - Full stroke and kick.	at least 25 metres. Use a range of strokes
hazard	Swim 10 – 25m on front - Full stroke and	effectively. Perform safe
Back- safe entry and travel feet off pool floor on back.	kick.	self-rescue in different

Swim 25m front or water based Back- travel 10m using back. situations. arms and legs Swim 10m wearing Fully submerge to pick clothes (t-shirt and up objects and exit shorts minimum). safely. Travel on back, log roll Rotate from front to onto front (180 back and regain continuous movement). standing position. Stationary scull. Rotate from back to Tread water for 30 front and regain seconds. standing position. Exit pool without use of Tuck and float hold for steps. 5 seconds. Perform 3 different Jump into water & fully shape jumps into water submerge (at least 1m from pool side (include depth). straddle entry). Push & glide to pool Perform hand stand floor and exit water and forward somersault without use of steps. in water. Push & glide to travel Know examples of on front 5m. Tuck and where to swim safely rotate to back and and why return to side. Travel on front, log roll Jump into water, fully onto back (180 submerge, surface and degrees continuous swim back to side. movement). Perform sequence of 3 Scull head first 5m. floating shapes. Tread water for 30 Push and glide on back seconds showing and rotate to front (log action for help. roll). Exit pool without using Push and glide on front steps. and rotate to back (log roll). Safe self-rescue perform reach and Jump into water with throw rescue. full submersion. Pick

	up an object and return to side.		Perform straddle entry and tread water.	
			Jump into water, submerge and pick up an object from the pool floor.	
	NC alignment:			
	KS2:			
	Swim competently, confidently and proficiently over a distance of at least 25 metres.			
Use a range of strokes effectively.				
	Perform safe self-rescue in different water based situations.			
Communicating and collaborating with each other.				
Developing an understand of how to improve in different physical activities and evaluate/recognise their own success.				